



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CONFIDENTIAL

Chicago, Illinois
January 17, 1963

7P
MICROFILMED
FEB 1 1963

REC'D PASHKAVICHUS, Also

As Mike Pavilionis, Necys

Pashkevicius

INTERNAL SECURITY - LITHUANIA

ANTANAS IMPULEVICIUS

INTERNAL SECURITY - LITHUANIA

On December 12, 1962, CG T-1 advised that a meeting was held protesting against Antanas Impulevicius, Nazi War criminal, on December 8, 1962, at 7:00 PM at the Wilda Theater, 3142 South Halsted, Chicago. Source advised that S. J. Jakubka of the "Vilnis" newspaper was one of the speakers at this meeting.

A characterization of the "Vilnis" newspaper is being attached as the last page of this memorandum.

CG T-2 advised in March, 1962, that Stanislaivs J. Jakubkas, also known as S. J. Jakubka, is a member of the Lithuanian Club, Nationality Section, Communist Party of Illinois.

CG T-3 advised on December 12, 1962, that the mass meeting for the expulsion of Antanas Impulevicius from the United States was held on the evening of December 8, 1962, at Wilda Theater, 3142 South Halsted, Chicago, Illinois, which was attended by approximately 100 people. Most of those in attendance were sixty years of age or older and were of Lithuanian extraction. The meeting was opened up by a man who did not introduce himself but later was identified as Jacob Pauliukas, who introduced Professor A. B. V. Kubilius, who explained the purpose of the meeting. Kubilius expressed

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concern that the Nazi movement is on the rise again. He said that committees of various nationalities are being formed to fight this Nazi movement. Kubilius also mentioned that this meeting is the first in Chicago and that there will be more meetings of the same type.

Cg T-3 related that Kubilius went back to ancient history and pointed out that even then people did not approve of murder and also mentioned various agreements and laws which condemn murder. Since murder is wrong then murder should be punished. Kubilius further advised the group that since Antanas Impulievicius, who is residing in the United States, committed crimes during World War II, he should be punished by the Peoples Court in the Lithuanian Soviet Socialist Republic. Kubilius advised that evidence for this accusation will be presented by other speakers during the course of the evening.

According to Cg T-3, the next speaker at the meeting was C. Sotis, a representative of the Slavic people. Sotis welcomed the initiative of the people to stop Nazism which is on the rise again. He said the West German government is infiltrated by Nazis, including the chancellery courts and even down to the city governments. The United States is not excluded from its influence. He mentioned that the person who might be your neighbor, residing at 3344 West Irving Park Road under an assumed name, was a Nazi hangerman during World War II and does not deserve to live in the United States. He, Sotis, could not understand how the United States Government, which supposedly screens all immigrants very carefully, allowed such Nazis to enter our country.

The next speaker, according to Cg T-3, was Stanislaivs Yakubkas, who gave statistics on how many buildings were demolished during World War II in Lithuania. Yakubkas advised that the buildings in Lithuania had been

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rebuilt by the Lithuanian Soviet Socialist Republic, but the patriots who died because of Nazi cruelty can never rise from their graves. Yakubkas mentioned that the Nazis killed the people loyal to the socialist cause who failed to escape before the Nazi occupation. He named cities and towns where people were killed. Nazis were under orders to forget that they were human beings and to kill ruthlessly. The Nazis were not the only ones engaged in such work. Antanas Impulevicius was the commander of the Lithuanian battalion which was formed to execute the orders of the Nazis. Yakubkas related that there was a trial of the leaders of this battalion in the Lithuanian Soviet Socialist Republic. All were condemned except Antanas Impulevicius, who was also convicted but he is living in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, so he could not be punished. The people of Kaunas, Lithuania, have asked the people of Philadelphia to turn over Impulevicius to the Lithuanian Soviet Socialist Republic so that he could be punished. Yakubkas requested the people to write the United States Government, asking to hand over Impulevicius to the Lithuanian officials.

According to CG T-3, the next speaker was Herman Bush, who made an appeal to the audience as a human being and not as a "Jew". Bush attacked Hitler's regime and was concerned over Nazism in the United States.

In March, 1962, CG T-4, advised that Charles Setis is a member of the Nationality Section, Communist Party of Illinois.

In October, 1950, CG T-5, advised Benjamin Kubilius was a leader of communists in South Boston, Massachusetts, where Kubilius was residing at that time. CG T-5 stated he had known Kubilius during most of Kubilius's life in South Boston. CG T-5 stated that he had heard Kubilius openly argue in favor of communism as against capitalism, whereby Kubilius stated he did not like the United States and its capitalistic system but that he preferred the Communist Collectivism ideas.

CG T-2 advised in March, 1962, that Jacob Pauliukas of the "Vilnis" newspaper is a member of the Lithuania Club, Nationality Section, Communist Party of Illinois.

CG T-1 advised in December, 1962, that the "Vilnis" group had branded Mecys Pashkjavichus, also known as Mike Pavilionis, 3344 West Irving Park Road as a Nazi war criminal.

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On December 12, 1962, CG T-6 advised that a mass meeting regarding "War Criminal Antanas Impulevicius" was held on December 8, 1962, at Milda Hall, 3142 South Halsted Street, Chicago, Illinois, under the auspices of the "Vilnius" newspaper. This affair was staged as a mass protest meeting calling on the United States Government to deport Antanas Impulevicius back to Lithuania where he was sentenced to death in absentia as a war criminal, accused of killing thousands of Lithuanians, Slavs and Jews while holding the rank of Major in the pro-Nazi Lithuanian Army during World War II.

CG T-6 advised that Charles Sotis was introduced as a representative of the Slavic people. Sotis advised the group that it was seventeen years since the Nazi regime was supposedly defeated and the leaders tried for atrocities inflicted on the European population. However, justice has not been rendered to the victims of the gas chambers, crematories and medical guinea pigs. Sotis advised that Nazi leaders who approved the orders, carried them out and committed the atrocities against the enslaved peoples are now permitted to enjoy the freedoms which they so willingly denied their victims. These war criminals fled their Nazi Germany, assumed aliases so that they would not have to stand trial for their crimes. According to Sotis, one of these war criminals is residing right here in Chicago. His home address is 3344 Irving Park. However, his name has been changed, but Sotis advised that we still know him as a former Major who was a collaborator with the occupational forces of Nazi Germany in Lithuania. Sotis went on to say too many atrocities were committed by one Antanas Impulevicius during the Nazi occupation of Lithuania during World War II.

CG T-6 advised S. J. Jukuba, editor of the "Vilnius" newspaper, delivered a speech entirely in the Lithuanian language denouncing the atrocities committed by Antanas Impulevicius against his fellow countrymen, the Slavic people and the Jews.

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Following Jekubke's speech the chairman returned to the stage and announced that a collection would be taken up to finance the fight against the Nazi menace to insure that it will not rise again and spread their poisonous venom. The collection amounted to \$82.50, according to the announcement made.

CG T-6 advised that the final speaker was Herman Bush, who accused Nazi leaders of being responsible for atrocities against their fellow men, and are permitted to walk the street unpunished.

The chairman at the meeting, according to CG T-6, then read a resolution calling on the Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy to see that the treaty which was signed with our allies concerning war criminals should be upheld and that Antanas Impulvicus should be deported back to Lithuania for his execution. The chairman called upon the audience for approval by raising their hands. The resolution was unanimously approved.

A movie, according to CG T-6, was shown relating the atrocities committed by Antanas Impulvicus and his trial in absentia. The meeting came to an orderly conclusion at 9:30 PM, December 8, 1962.

CG T-6 added that the meeting was held in a peaceful manner and did not observe any pickets in protest to the meeting as previously reported.

On December 28, 1962, CG T-3 identified a photograph of Jacob Paulukas of the "Vilnis" newspaper as being the chairman of the mass meeting held on December 8, 1962.

On December 31, 1962, CG T-1 advised that the Lithuanian displaced persons had planned to picket the mass protest meeting sponsored by "Vilnis" newspaper but the group had changed their minds after observing three or four squad cars of the Chicago Police Department in the area of Wida Hall.

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APPENDIX

"VILNIS" (Chicago, Illinois)

1. Found to be a "Communist Lithuanian-language newspaper," which "represents among the most important of all Communist publications in the United States. Its circulation exceeds that of the Daily Worker."

"* * * testimony established that Chicago is the headquarters for the largest of all the Communist papers; the Lithuanian daily, Vilnis, whose circulation of 32,000 daily exceeds that of the Communist Daily Worker. All of its principal officers have been identified as Communists. Several of its former editors are subjects of deportation proceedings."

(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1182 on Communist Political Subversion, August 16, 1957, pp. 65 and 66; and Annual Report for 1957, House Report 1360, February 19, 1958, p. 36; see also p. 37.)

The above documentation is included on page 202 of the "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," Revised and Published December 1, 1961, and prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C.

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist newspaper which ceased publication on January 13, 1958.

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APPENDIX



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DBA 32090

Title	Character	Reference
MECYS PASKEJAVICHUS, Also Known As Mike Pavilionis, Mecys Paskevicius	INTERNAL SECURITY - LITHUANIA	Letterhead memorandum, dated and captioned as above, at Chicago.
ANTANAS IMPULEVICIUS		

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

CG T-6 is an agency which collects security information in the Chicago area.

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